TREND Statement Checklist

Article title: Exploring the outcomes of of a 12-week Internet intervention aimed at improving fitness and HRQoL in overweight adolescents: The Young & Active controlled trial

Paper	Item No	Descriptor	Reported?	
Section/ Topic			\	Section
TITLE AND ABST	RACT			
Title and	1	Information on how unit were allocated to interventions	Х	Abstract
Abstract		Structured abstract recommended	Χ	Abstract
		Information on target population or study sample	Х	Abstract
INTRODUCTION				
Background	2	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Х	Backgr.
		Theories used in designing behavioral interventions	Х	Backgr.
METHODS				
Participants	3	Eligibility criteria for participants, including criteria at different levels in		
•		recruitment/sampling plan (e.g., cities, clinics, subjects)	Х	Methods
		Method of recruitment (e.g., referral, self-selection), including the		
		sampling method if a systematic sampling plan was implemented	Х	Methods
		Recruitment setting	Χ	Methods
		Settings and locations where the data were collected	Χ	Methods
Interventions	4	Details of the interventions intended for each study condition and how		
		and when they were actually administered, specifically including:		
		o Content: what was given?	Χ	Methods
		o Delivery method: how was the content given?	Χ	Methods
		o Unit of delivery: how were the subjects grouped during delivery?	Χ	Methods
		o Deliverer: who delivered the intervention?	Χ	Methods
		o Setting: where was the intervention delivered?	Χ	Methods
		o Exposure quantity and duration: how many sessions or episodes or		
		events were intended to be delivered? How long were they		
		intended to last?	Х	Methods
		o Time span: how long was it intended to take to deliver the		
		intervention to each unit?	Х	Methods
		o Activities to increase compliance or adherence (e.g., incentives)	Χ	Methods
Objectives	5	Specific objectives and hypotheses	Х	Aim
Outcomes	6	Clearly defined primary and secondary outcome measures	Х	Methods
Gutcomes		Methods used to collect data and any methods used to enhance the		
		quality of measurements	Х	Methods
		Information on validated instruments such as psychometric and biometric		
		properties	Х	Methods
Sample Size	7	How sample size was determined and, when applicable, explanation of any		
	-	interim analyses and stopping rules	Х	Methods
Assignment	8	Unit of assignment (the unit being assigned to study condition, e.g.,		
Method		individual, group, community)	(X	Methods)
		Method used to assign units to study conditions, including details of any		
		restriction (e.g., blocking, stratification, minimization)	Х	Methods
		Inclusion of aspects employed to help minimize potential bias induced due		
		to non-randomization (e.g., matching)	Х	Methods

TREND Statement Checklist

Blinding (masking)	9	Whether or not participants, those administering the interventions, and those assessing the outcomes were blinded to study condition assignment; if so, statement regarding how the blinding was accomplished and how it was assessed.		
Unit of Analysis	10	 Description of the smallest unit that is being analyzed to assess intervention effects (e.g., individual, group, or community) If the unit of analysis differs from the unit of assignment, the analytical method used to account for this (e.g., adjusting the standard error estimates by the design effect or using multilevel analysis) 	Х	Method
Statistical Methods	11	 Statistical methods used to compare study groups for primary methods outcome(s), including complex methods of correlated data Statistical methods used for additional analyses, such as a subgroup 	Х	Method
		 analyses and adjusted analysis Methods for imputing missing data, if used 	X	Method Method
DE0111 T 0		Statistical software or programs used	^	ivietilou
Participant flow	12	Flow of participants through each stage of the study: enrollment, assignment, allocation, and intervention exposure, follow-up, analysis (a diagram is strongly recommended) O Enrollment: the numbers of participants screened for eligibility, found to be eligible or not eligible, declined to be enrolled, and enrolled in the study	Х	Results Fig S2
		o Assignment: the numbers of participants assigned to a study condition	Х	
		 Allocation and intervention exposure: the number of participants assigned to each study condition and the number of participants who received each intervention 	х	
		 Follow-up: the number of participants who completed the follow-up or did not complete the follow-up (i.e., lost to follow-up), by study condition 	X	
		o Analysis: the number of participants included in or excluded from the main analysis, by study condition	Х	ļ Ļ
		 Description of protocol deviations from study as planned, along with reasons 	Х	Method
Recruitment Baseline Data	13 14	 Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of participants in each study condition 	X	Method Results
		Baseline characteristics for each study condition relevant to specific disease prevention research	х	Results
		 Baseline comparisons of those lost to follow-up and those retained, overall and by study condition Comparison between study population at baseline and target population of interest 	X	Results
Baseline equivalence	15	Data on study group equivalence at baseline and statistical methods used to control for baseline differences	Х	Results

TREND Statement Checklist

Numbers analyzed	16	Number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis for each study condition, particularly when the denominators change for different	Х	Results (Tables)
		 outcomes; statement of the results in absolute numbers when feasible Indication of whether the analysis strategy was "intention to treat" or, if not, description of how non-compliers were treated in the analyses 	Х	Results
Outcomes and estimation	17	For each primary and secondary outcome, a summary of results for each estimation study condition, and the estimated effect size and a confidence interval to indicate the precision	Х	Results
		Inclusion of null and negative findings	Х	Results
		 Inclusion of results from testing pre-specified causal pathways through which the intervention was intended to operate, if any 		
Ancillary analyses	18	Summary of other analyses performed, including subgroup or restricted analyses, indicating which are pre-specified or exploratory	Х	Results
Adverse events	19	Summary of all important adverse events or unintended effects in each study condition (including summary measures, effect size estimates, and confidence intervals)		
DISCUSSION				
Interpretation	20	 Interpretation of the results, taking into account study hypotheses, sources of potential bias, imprecision of measures, multiplicative analyses, and other limitations or weaknesses of the study 	х	Discussion
		Discussion of results taking into account the mechanism by which the intervention was intended to work (causal pathways) or alternative mechanisms or explanations	Х	Discussion
		Discussion of the success of and barriers to implementing the intervention, fidelity of implementation	Х	Discussion
		Discussion of research, programmatic, or policy implications	Χ	Discussion
Generalizability	21	Generalizability (external validity) of the trial findings, taking into account the study population, the characteristics of the intervention, length of follow-up, incentives, compliance rates, specific sites/settings involved in the study, and other contextual issues.	Х	Discussion
Overall Evidence	22	 the study, and other contextual issues General interpretation of the results in the context of current evidence and current theory 	Х	Discussion

From: Des Jarlais, D. C., Lyles, C., Crepaz, N., & the Trend Group (2004). Improving the reporting quality of nonrandomized evaluations of behavioral and public health interventions: The TREND statement. *American Journal of Public Health*, 94, 361-366. For more information, visit: http://www.cdc.gov/trendstatement/